

The Farmington Times AND HERALD.

The Farmington Times Printing Co.)

FARMINGTON, ST. FRANCOIS COUNTY, MO., JANUARY 27, 1905.

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Fifty Years the Standard



DR. PRICE'S CREAM
BAKING POWDER
Made from pure cream of tartar derived from grapes.

BRODIE L. DUKE RELEASED

Justice Gaynor Decides Duke Is Not Demented.

Habeas Corpus Proceedings Were Brought By His Private Secretary, W. G. Brannan.

New York, Jan. 19.—Brodie L. Duke, the half-brother of the president of the American Tobacco Co., who has been kept in a sanatorium following his marriage to Alice Webb, December 19, was brought into the supreme court in Brooklyn, and discharged from custody after a hearing before Justice Gaynor.

The action was the result of habeas corpus proceedings brought by William G. Brannan, Mr. Duke's private secretary, who alleged that Mr. Duke was deprived of his liberty without his consent and without process of law.

After a brief argument, Justice Gaynor declared that Duke was not demented and ordered that he be given his liberty.

Mr. Duke was not present at the hearing and her whereabouts is unknown. Papers calling for her arrest and removal to Texas are said to be in the way to this city.

Duke's detention in a private sanatorium on Long Island was the result of an action brought by his son, Lawrence Duke, who came to this city immediately after he heard of the marriage of his father, he being in Florida at the time. In the action young Mr. Duke was understood to have the support of his uncles.

GOOD ROADS CONVENTION.

Resolutions Adopted By the National Good Roads Convention at Jacksonville, Fla.

Jacksonville, Fla., Jan. 21.—At Friday's session of the National Good Roads convention, resolutions were adopted advising the creation of a bureau of information and the establishment of a portal to be devoted to road work through the influence of the National Good Roads association at the earliest possible moment. A key was recommended to be given to all suitable in connection with the labor at the national road show and authorizing their use on the public roads or in preparing material for their construction. The work of the department of agriculture through its road division and of the national and state road roads was commended. The convention adjourned the following morning after the adjournment of the session.

MARRIED FIFTY-SIX YEARS.

Park, Ill., Jan. 20.—Mr. and Mrs. Moses Springfield celebrated their fifty-sixth wedding anniversary here by entertaining a large number of relatives and friends. Mr. Springfield is 78 and his wife 76. Both are enjoying good health. Mr. Springfield owns a large farm, and his wife still attends to the household duties. They were married in Spencer county January 18, 1849, and have been residents of this vicinity for 56 years.

VICTIM OF FOOTPADS DEAD.

Kansas City, Mo., Jan. 21.—Nathan Young, of Cranberry, N. C., died in the city hospital in this city last night as the result of an attack upon him by footpads on the night of January 12. Young, who was robbed of all his money and valuables, was brutally beaten by one of the robbers, and he had been delirious constantly since he suffered the injury.

FATAL HORSE DISEASE IN ST. LOUIS.

St. Louis, Jan. 20.—An epidemic of cerebrospinal meningitis, or spasms of the neck, broke out among livery horses and 17 causing team owners throughout the city much anxiety. A number of animals have died, and many cases are reported. The disease is generally fatal.

LOSES CHECK GAME AND DROPS DEAD.

Oswego, Ia., Jan. 21.—"I'm checked; you win the game." His defense gone, Levi Taylor, business man and inventor of Oswego, smiled defeat at his friend across the chess board, then fell prostrate to the floor. Apoplexy, due to the excitement of the game, was the cause of the sudden demise.

FATAL ACCIDENTS TO CHILDREN.

Petersburg, Ill.—Eugene Lancaster, aged 10, died from injuries received in a coasting accident.

Quincy, Ill.—Agnes, the 1-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Kearney, fell on the floor at the family residence, breaking her neck and dying instantly.

JOHN MITCHELL IS NOT A CARBUNCLE

Delegate Randall, of Wyoming, Would Not Apologize and Was "Fired."

MITCHELL HAD HIS RESIGNATION READY FOR THE CONVENTION

Delegate Jones and Others From Colorado Declare That Colorado Miners Love John Mitchell, to This Day, Though They Did Love the Strike.

Indianapolis, Ind., Jan. 21.—It became known, through a person in a position to know, that John Mitchell, president of the United Mine Workers of America, had his resignation as president ready to submit to the convention when it met. Mitchell, it can be stated positively, was ready to quit when he was told the victim of current personal abuse as was heaped upon him Thursday. At that time he left the hall evidently in disgust.

Leaders in the convention thought something was in the wind when Mitchell, as has been his custom, did not occupy the chair. A delegate called the gavel.

Delegate Randall, of Wyoming, who called Mitchell "a carbuncle on the 'arrest union' in the world, who should be relegated to the trash pile or to a place worse," was sought for and urged to make an apology. Randall had evidently slept over his remarks, and after talking with the miners who had backed him, he said he would say something. He asserted strongly, however, that he would make no apology. Randall was re-elected. He said perhaps he had expressed himself in stronger words than were best for his cause. "I guess so," said he. "John Mitchell is not a carbuncle."

When he had gotten this far Mitchell's adherents, who outnumbered his opponents five to one, began their applause, and amid cries of "Mitchell" and "yells for John," the stampede was complete.

When quiet was restored Mitchell did not arise to speak.

To make the stampede stranger, therefore, Delegate Jones and others from the Colorado district gained the floor and virtually called Randall a liar. They all declared that the big majority of miners in Colorado love John Mitchell to this day, though they did love the strike.

President Mitchell arose and said: "One of two things must be done—either Mr. Randall quits this organization or I do. I am not a carbuncle, and a resolution was introduced calling on Randall to apologize in public. Randall absolutely refused. He was expelled from the organization."

DEADLY CIGARETTE HABIT.

A Mother Takes Poison and Dies to Free Her Son From Cigarettes.

Chicago, Jan. 21.—As the lesser of two evils, weighed by her weakened mind, Mrs. Sadie Thompson, of Oak Park, chose death. Casting aside a cigarette, she drained a bottle containing poison and the draught brought emancipation from a habit which she had sought in vain to break. Mrs. Thompson was the wife of the sexton of the Oak Park Episcopal church and was known in the society as a doing wife and mother. Not even her immediate relatives knew that she was a slave to cigarettes.

Kewanee, Ill.—Retired a cigarette by the officers, Albert Johnson, 22 years old, in jail for a misdemeanor, hanged a fall in the cell a little later, the police found Johnson choking to death. He had tried to hang himself by using a scarf. He was disengaged.

KILLED HIS SWEETHEART.

A Missouri Man Kills the Girl He Wanted Because She Delayed Wedding Day.

St. Joseph, Mo., Jan. 20.—Angered because his sweetheart, Miss Mary Newman, would not marry him, Martin Paulsgrove, son of a wealthy farmer living near Savannah, Andrew county, shot her twice through the head, causing instant death. Paulsgrove is 25 years old and a member of one of the best families in northwest Missouri. His sweetheart was a pretty school-teacher, and he wanted her to resign her position and marry him at once, instead of waiting until the end of the term, as she planned to do.

GIVE MURDERER BOWERS 10 YEARS.

Joplin, Mo., Jan. 20.—Elmer Bowers pleaded guilty to murder in the second degree, and was sentenced to 10 years in the penitentiary. Bowers shot and killed Superintendent Wildrick and Crawford at the Independent power works southwest of Carthage a year ago.

WISHES HE COULD SAVE HER.

Windor, Vt., Jan. 20.—An Gov. Bell was leaving the death cell of Mary A. Rogers, who is to be hanged here in the state prison February 3, he remarked, solemnly: "I wish I could save her."

FOR KILLING HIS WIFE.

Edwardsville, Ill., Jan. 20.—George Hoffer, 2, of North Alton, was found guilty of murdering his wife here, and given 25 years in the penitentiary.

Don't forget to feed the birds this kind of weather.

THE DOWNTRODDEN OF RUSSIA BLEED

Thousands are Killed and Wounded in Attempt to Petition the Czar.

MURDER OF PATRIOTS ANGERS THOUSANDS OF MISERABLE MEN.

A Day of Horror in St. Petersburg, Which Has Had No Parallel in a Civilized Community Since Massacre of St. Bartholomew's Day—Barricade, Fire and Gun Play—The City—It Is Said the Authorities Committed the Atrocities With the Deliberate Purpose of Terrorizing All Russia, and Quenching the Rising Flame of Revolution.

[Sunday was a bloody day in St. Petersburg. Father Gapon, the priest who announced his determination to lead a petition in his hands, made the attempt. They were met by soldiers, who carried the way and fired into Father Gapon's followers. Then followed a day of horror in St. Petersburg, and when night came a condition almost bordering on civil war existed in this city. The murder of patriots angered thousands of miserable men. The story is succinctly told in the following dispatches.]

St. Petersburg, Jan. 21.—Thousands have fallen, willing martyrs in the cause of human liberty, in the belief that their blood will seal the doom of Russian tyranny and oppression.

Sunday's day has a civilized community witnessed such a massacre as stains the latest page of Russian history. Its victims can not yet be numbered.

The official estimate puts the number of dead at 2,000 and the wounded at 8,000.

The last act of the bloody drama was the deliberate slaughter of hundreds of onlookers in the center of the city. After all the organized attempt of the insurgents to march to the Winter palace had failed, a large body of Cossacks was turned loose by the authorities against 50,000 people standing in the street, with orders to kill without mercy.

The murderous command was obeyed to the letter. The carnage which followed has no parallel in modern record. The fierce horsemen cut down with their sabres all within reach. Those who fled were shot with revolvers and carbines.

It is said that the authorities committed this atrocity with the deliberate purpose of terrorizing all Russia, and quenching the rising flames of revolution throughout the empire.

The procession was formed at 10 o'clock in the morning. Father Gapon led it accompanied by a volunteer corps of 500 men. About 12,000 strikers followed.

Troops were drawn up to receive them in plain sight as they moved slowly forward over the intervening miles. As the procession approached they faced a thousand leveled rifles.

When within easy speaking distance, Father Gapon stopped the procession, as order of a volley. Holding in one hand an icon and in the other the petition, the priest said in a loud voice: "WE ARE GOING TO PRESENT A PETITION TO THE EMPEROR."

The colonel replied: "THE ROAD IS BARRED."

Unheeding the almost certain death in the leveled rifles before him, the brave priest gave the order to march on. Instantly there was an order to fire, but it was a blank volley, and the whole column moved on, although there was no obstacle in the path. Quickly came the second order to fire, and this time a hail of lead poured into the people's ranks.

In that instant they changed from petitioners to insurgents.

Then followed a series of massacres throughout the city.

Father Gapon was shot and mortally wounded.

The series of conflicts lasted all day and early evening.

One hundred thousand workmen and 200,000 to 300,000 other men, women and children were engaged.

The infantry of one regiment threw down their arms and refused to shoot down the people. Cossacks and Uhlans obey orders to fire and charge.

Superintendent of police and Father Sergius were killed.

A Russian officer was mercilessly slaughtered.

BANDS PLAYED WHILE THE RIOTING WAS IN PROGRESS.

Workmen seized a dynamite factory. Fifty thousand of the emperor's crack guards were bivouacked in the streets for the night.

The dowager empress in flight fled from the city to Tsarskoe-Selo to join the czar.

A statement was made by a member of the emperor's household "THAT THIS CONFLICT WILL END THE WAR WITH JAPAN, AND THAT RUSSIA WILL HAVE A CONSTITUTION OR EMPEROR NICHOLAS WILL LOSE HIS HEAD."

It is reported that the czar to-night left Tsarskoe-Selo for Peterhof, or the Gulf of Finland, 18 miles distant, on the capital express.

Corn, oats, hay and mill feed at Klein's.

UNION PRAYER MEETINGS IN FARMINGTON

PREPARATORY TO
♦ ♦ Union Revival and Evangelistic Meeting. ♦ ♦
SEE PROGRAM IN THIS PAPER.

POLITTE ELVINS SEES PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT.

He Carries the Electoral Vote of the State to Washington and is Cordially Received.

January 20, 1905, was an important day, says the Globe-Democrat's Washington special of that date, in the lives of a worthy young couple of St. Francois County, Mo., Mr. and Mrs. Politte Elvins. Mr. Elvins came as the special messenger of the electors of Missouri to deliver the state's vote to President Roosevelt, a duty which no man has performed for a century. He is an elector himself, and probably the youngest in the United States. He and Mrs. Elvins have been mistaken for a bride couple since their arrival in Washington, but it is understood they have been married for three years. They are having a regular honeymoon trip however, and it would be hard to find a bride happier than Mrs. Elvins after receiving the compliment which President Roosevelt paid her. Mr. Elvins is 26 years of age. Another special messenger was here yesterday whose age is given as 84 years. These are probably the two extremes as to years in the entire electoral college. The 84-year-old man was from Nevada, a much younger state than Missouri.

Mr. Elvins delivered the ballots cast by the electors of Missouri to the president pro tem, of the Senate, Senator Frye of Maine. They were in a big envelope, on the outside of which were the signatures of all the electors. In addition to the ballots, the sealed envelope contained a type written certificate.

Senator Frye, noticing the youthful appearance of Mr. Elvins, asked, "Are you an elector?"

"I certainly am, or I would not be here," was the prompt reply.

"Well, I guess you are about the youngest in the country," said the president of the Senate, "and I congratulate you."

CORDIALLY WELCOMED BY FRISIDENT.

This morning at 10 o'clock Mr. and Mrs. Elvins appeared in the outer reception room at the executive offices of the President, accompanied by Representative Bartholdt. They did not have long to wait after cards were sent in to the President, who received them most cordially. Mr. Bartholdt introduced the couple. The President after shaking hands and telling how glad he was to meet the bearer of the vote of Missouri, said he was proud of the vote of that state, and the fact that it had sent such a young man as messenger indicated that there had been a political rejuvenation in the state. Mr. Elvins, he said, was also fortunate in having so handsome a partner to help him bring it. At this Mrs. Elvins immediately exercised the woman's prerogative and changed her mind completely regarding the President, whom she had not admired so much as she might have before. But the remark settled it, and the young lady has become the most enthusiastic admirer imaginable of the President.

The executive discussed briefly with Messrs. Bartholdt and Elvins the senatorial situation in Missouri. His remarks, naturally, were not for publication, since he took a neutral stand in regard to the contest, but it is known to be his idea that it would be extremely unfortunate, if not worse, if the Republicans of Missouri, having gained such a victory as to turn the state over to their party, should not be able to elect a senator.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Druggists refund money if Pazo Ointment fails to cure any case, no matter how long standing, in 6 to 14 days. First application gives ease and rest, 50c. If your druggist hasn't it send 50c. in stamps and it will be forwarded post-paid by Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

The hotels at Wichita, Kansas, all refused to entertain Booker Washington as a guest.

THE HIGHER LIFE.

Things To Make Us Think.

Christ went to the cross as willingly as he did to preach the gospel on the mount.

How easy it is to find a reason for doing what we want to do.

There are still people who strain at gnats and swallow camels.

It is harder to be happy with riches than it is without them.

The hardest song to sing for Christ is the first one.

A sleep Christian and a busy Bible are two things the devil isn't afraid of.

Many a man will not leave his yardstick.

The only way to be a good reaper, is to keep close to the Lord of the harvest.—Ran's Horn

The Constant Christian.

Constancy, stability among Christians, is currency above par. The exigencies of the Lord's work are such that we cannot afford to be unstable.

The unstable Christian is one of the greatest stumbling blocks in the way of sinners.

Thousands of men outside the church give this as the main reason for their active opposition to the church.

The unstable Christian is a reproach to his profession, a reproach to his church, and a reproach to his Christ.

Constancy, stability, is one of the Christian worker's strongest assets.

Many of us may not be able to engineer vast enterprises in the church, many of us may not have the natural powers and gifts of the natural powers and gifts of the church, and many of us may not have the natural powers and gifts of the church, but we can be constant.

It is not one of us, and one, but a constant.

be constant in our efforts as Christians in our own sphere, if we will take ourselves and our profession seriously. It is not child's play to be a representative of Christ. It is the work of a man, and worthy that man's highest thought and best endeavor. Nothing so stamps a man as useless to his church, to his community, and to his Christ as inconsistency. On the other hand, nothing tends so much to build up a noble and exalted character as constancy and faithfulness. Nothing will be more likely to raise a man's usefulness to its highest level than these qualities.

"I'd Keep Quiet"

The gift of speech is a great gift, but the gift of silence is also very valuable. There is a time to speak and there is a time to be silent, and one time to be silent is when you have nothing to say.

There is a story of one man who was making a somewhat lengthy address to some children, forgetting how weary little folks become, until at length, having pretty much run out of ideas, he said:

"What more shall I say?" when one little fellow spoke up and said: "Say amen, and sit down!"

A Sunday school speaker tells of a similar experience. He was invited to make an address at a Sunday school festival, and having nothing prepared to say, he tried to picture to the children the deity of his position, and asked them this question:

"What should you do were you compelled to stand on a platform before so many bright boys and girls, who expected a speech from you, and you had nothing to say?"

"I'd keep quiet," said one small boy; and his answer "brought down the house," and brought down the speaker with it.

It is a great thing to be able to

speak in an interesting and profitable manner on any occasion; but if we are to do this we must train ourselves by study and practice, and so be ready to improve the opportunities which come to us and which may be fruitful of blessing to many souls. And when we cannot do this it may be quite as well to "keep quiet" as to make apologies and try to fill up the time.—Cream.

Only a Day At a Time.

The Presbyterian Messenger tells the following story:

"A young girl met with a very serious accident while her father was very painful surgical operation and many months confinement in bed."

When the physician had finished his work and was about taking his leave, the patient asked: "Doctor, how long shall I have to be here helpless?"

"Oh, only a day at a time," was the cheery answer; and the poor sufferer was not only comforted for the moment, but many times through the succeeding weary weeks did the thought, "only a day at a time," come back with its quieting influence.

"I think it was Sidney Smith who recommended taking 'short views' as a good safeguard against needless worry, and one far wiser than he said: 'Take, therefore, no thought for the morrow, for the morrow shall take thought for itself. Sufficient unto the day is the evil thereof.'"

Six hundred farmers in Texas have signed an agreement to reduce their acreage of cotton for 1905 twenty-five per cent.

Has Stood the Test 25 Years.

The old, original GROVE'S Tasteless Chill Tonic. You know what you are taking. It is pure and genuine in a tasteless form. No cure, no pay. 50c.

GENERAL NEWS GOSSIP.

Pekin, Ill., has 2000 victims of grip. Whole families are prostrated by it, though few cases prove fatal.

Ten students have applied for Rhodes scholarships at Oxford and are now passing examination at the University at Columbia.

There were 50 deaths from pneumonia in St. Louis last week, the highest ever known in the records of the city. The stormy weather was responsible for them.

An attempt was made to kill the Czar on the 18th, and if it had proved successful the entire royal family would have been killed. A policeman was the only one killed.

A special train of twenty-one cars, loaded with California oranges for St. Louis, had the right of way over all passenger trains during its whole journey, starting on the 16th from Columbia.

Many women in St. Louis and East St. Louis are becoming the loss of hair from their heads by the methods of the feather renovator, who is now on his travels.

Mrs. Bethe Cunningham, who died at her home near Hopkenville, Ky., on the 20th, aged 90 years, left four children, forty-nine grand-children, eighty-nine great-grand-children, and six great-great-grand-children.

The woods around Harper's Ferry have been burning for some time and occasionally there was heard a heavy explosion, and it was discovered that it was from shells that had been thrown on London Heights during a battle when General Mills surrendered to Gen. Stonewall Jackson in 1862. They failed to explode when fired, but the heat of the burning woods exploded them.

Mrs. Anna Waters of Monroe City, Mo., will be one hundred years old in November. She is the widow of Elder George Waters, a preacher of the Christian Church, of which she has been a member since 1895. She has seven living children, 40 grand-children, 25 great-grand-children, and of these every one who is old enough to belong to a church is a member of the Christian Church.

Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic
has stood the test 25 years. Average Annual Sales over One and a Half Million bottles. Does this record of merit appeal to you? No Cure, No Pay. 50c.
Enclosed with every bottle is a Ten Cent package of Grove's Black Root Liver Pills.

OUR ANNUAL STOCK-TAKING BEGINS FEBRUARY 1st, 1905.

Our Big Spring Stock will begin to arrive shortly after that, and

To Reduce Our Stock and Make Room for Spring Goods, we will from now until February 1st

MAKE SOME STARTLING CUTS IN THE PRICE OF HEAVY GOODS.

MEN'S OVERCOATS			
WERE	\$18.00	NOW	\$15.00
"	15.00	"	12.50
"	13.50	"	11.00
"	10.00	"	8.00
"	8.50	"	6.75
"	7.50	"	6.00
"	6.00	"	4.75
"	5.00	"	4.00

Boy's and Children's Overcoats cut 20 per cent regardless of cost.

Ladies' Union Suits.			
SIZES 5 TO 9.			
WERE	75c.	NOW	60c.
"	60c.	"	50c.
"	50c.	"	40c.
"	35c.	"	25c.

We haven't time to remark these goods, so just make this sweeping reduction from regular prices. Come early, before sizes are broken.

COLE & NIXON MERCANTILE COMPANY.

Men's Woolen Underwear.			
Men's Woolen Underwear, was \$2.00 per Suit, now \$1.75			
Men's Woolen Underwear, was \$1.75 per Suit, now 1.50			
Men's Sanitary Fleece Underwear, was \$2.25 per Suit, now 1.85			
Men's Heavy Fleece Underwear, was \$1.25 per Suit, now 1.00			
Men's Heavy Fleece Underwear, was \$1.00 per Suit, now .85			
Men's Heavy Fleece Underwear, was 90c. per Suit, now .80			

Children's Union Suits.			
Were 50c., 40c. and 35c., now 35c. and 25c.			
Men's Sweaters 1-4 off regular price.			
Ladies' Jackets 1-3 off regular price.			
Big Line Ready-to-Wear Dress Skirts.			